

SD 8824 - 954



SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2015/830)

SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : SD 8824
Product code : 954.
Hardener for epoxy resin

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Hardener

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name : Suter Kunststoffe AG
Address : Aefligenstrasse 3, 3312 Fraubrunnen
Telephone : +41 (0)31 763 60 60 Fax : +41 (0)31 763 60 61
e-mail: info@swiss-composite.ch
Site web : <http://www.swiss-composite.ch>

1.4. Emergency telephone number : .

Emergency number: 145 (from abroad: +41 44 251 51 51)

SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Acute oral toxicity, Category 4 (Acute Tox. 4, H302).
Acute inhalation toxicity, Category 4 (Acute Tox. 4, H332).
Skin corrosion, Category 1A (Skin Corr. 1A, H314).
Skin sensitisation, Category 1A (Skin Sens. 1A, H317).
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3, H335).
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard, Category 3 (Aquatic Chronic 3, H412).
This mixture does not present a physical hazard. Refer to the recommendations regarding the other products present on the site.

2.2. Label elements

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms :



GHS07



GHS05

Signal Word :

DANGER

Product identifiers :

EC 239-556-6	METHYLPENTANE DIAMINE
EC 216-032-5	META XYLENEDIAMINE
EC 500-105-6	POLYALKYL AMINES

Hazard statements :

H302 + H332	Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

SD 8824 - 954

H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements - Prevention :	
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Precautionary statements - Response :	
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...

2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) $\geq 0.1\%$ published by the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: <http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table>

The mixture satisfies neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Composition :

Identification	(EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
CAS: 15520-10-2 EC: 239-556-6 REACH: 01-2119976310-41-XXXX METHYLPENTANE DIAMINE	GHS07, GHS05 Dgr Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT SE 3, H335		25 \leq x % < 50
CAS: 1477-55-0 EC: 216-032-5 REACH: 01-2119480150-50-XXXX META XYLENEDIAMINE	GHS07, GHS05 Dgr Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 EUH:071	[1]	25 \leq x % < 50
CAS: 39423-51-3 EC: 500-105-6 REACH: 01-2119556886-20-XXXX POLYALKYL AMINES	GHS07, GHS05, GHS09 Dgr Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		2.5 \leq x % < 10

Information on ingredients :

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In the event of exposure by inhalation :

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.

If the person is unconscious, place in recovery position. Notify a doctor in all events, to ascertain whether observation and supportive hospital care will be necessary.

If breathing is irregular or has stopped, effect mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and call a doctor.

Do not proceed with mouth-to-mouth or mouth-to-nose resuscitation. Use the appropriate equipment.

SD 8824 - 954

In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

Regardless of the initial state, refer the patient to an ophthalmologist and show him the label.

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if the victim is. Continue to rinse. Seek medical attention if symptoms persist.

In the event of splashes or contact with skin :

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Remove any soiled or splashed clothing immediately.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

If the contaminated area is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

In the event of swallowing :

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water, administer activated medical charcoal and consult a doctor.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information for the doctor :

In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to remain under medical supervision for 48 hours.

Contact a specialist for treatment poisoning if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Non-flammable.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use :

- sprayed water or water mist

Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use :

- water jet
- Foam

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO₂)
- nitrogen oxide (NO)
- nitrogen dioxide (NO₂)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighters should wear suitable protective clothing and a respirator mask with self- full operated in positive pressure mode.

Wear conform with the European standard EN 469.

SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

For non first aid worker

Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

If a large quantity has been spilled, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Neutralise with an acidic decontaminant.

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

Individuals with a history of skin sensitisation should not, under any circumstance, handle this mixture.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Emergency showers and eye wash stations will be required in facilities where the mixture is handled constantly.

Fire prevention :

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Recommended equipment and procedures :

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.

Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.

Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions.

In all cases, recover emissions at source.

Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

Storage

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from food and drink, including those for animals.

Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well ventilated area away from heat sources.

Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

SD 8824 - 954

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Hardener

SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits :

- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
1477-55-0	-	-	0.1 mg/m3	-	-

- France (INRS - ED984 :2008) :

CAS	VME-ppm :	VME-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	Notes :	TMP No :
1477-55-0	-	-	-	0.1	-	-

Derived no effect level (DNEL) or derived minimum effect level (DMEL):

POLYALKYL AMINES (CAS: 39423-51-3)

Final use:

Exposure method:

Potential health effects:

DNEL :

Workers.

Dermal contact.

Long term systemic effects.

1.6 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method:

Potential health effects:

DNEL :

Inhalation.

Long term systemic effects.

14 mg of substance/m3

Final use:

Exposure method:

Potential health effects:

DNEL :

Consumers.

Dermal contact.

Long term systemic effects.

0.8 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method:

Potential health effects:

DNEL :

Inhalation.

Long term systemic effects.

3.48 mg of substance/m3

Predicted no effect concentration (PNEC):

POLYALKYL AMINES (CAS: 39423-51-3)

Environmental compartment:

PNEC :

Soil.

0.002 mg/kg

Environmental compartment:

PNEC :

Fresh water.

0.0044 mg/l

Environmental compartment:

PNEC :

Sea water.

0.00044 mg/l

Environmental compartment:

PNEC :

Intermittent waste water.

0.044 mg/l

Environmental compartment:

PNEC :

Fresh water sediment.

0.02 mg/kg

Environmental compartment:

PNEC :

Marine sediment.

0.002 mg/kg

Environmental compartment:

Waste water treatment plant.

SD 8824 - 954

PNEC : 10 mg/l

METHYLPENTANE DIAMINE (CAS: 15520-10-2)

Environmental compartment: Fresh water.
PNEC : 0.42 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water.
PNEC : 0.042 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.
PNEC : 0.42 mg/l

8.2. Exposure controls

Use only with adequate ventilation or provided with ventilation at the source.

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE) :



Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

- Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

- Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question : other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended :

- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))

- Butyl Rubber (Isobutylene-isoprene copolymer)

Recommended properties :

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN374

- Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing :

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034 to prevent skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing, in particular overalls and boots. These items must be kept in good condition and cleaned after use.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

SD 8824 - 954

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

- Respiratory protection

Avoid breathing vapours.

If the ventilation is insufficient, wear appropriate breathing apparatus.

When workers are confronted with concentrations that are above occupational exposure limits, they must wear a suitable, approved, respiratory protection device.

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387 :

- A1 (Brown)

Mask with filter type A, B, E, K, P

Attention! If the protection group is insufficient.

SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General information :

Physical state :

Fluid liquid.

Color:

colorless to pale yellow

Important health, safety and environmental information

pH :

Not stated.

Slightly basic.

Boiling point/boiling range :

Not relevant.

Flash Point Interval :

PE > 100°C.

Vapour pressure (50°C) :

Not relevant.

Density :

0.94 ± 0.02 g/cm³ @ 20°C

Water solubility :

Insoluble.

Viscosity :

5 ± 2 mPa.s @ 25°C

Melting point/melting range :

Not relevant.

Self-ignition temperature :

Not relevant.

Decomposition point/decomposition range :

Not relevant.

% VOC :

0

9.2. Other information

Miscibility

Alcohols, aromatic solvents

SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

No data available.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from :

- strong oxidising agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)

- carbon dioxide (CO₂)

- nitrogen oxide (NO)

- nitrogen dioxide (NO₂)

SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Harmful if swallowed.

Harmful by inhalation.

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis, following exposure for up to three minutes.

Corrosive reactions are typified by ulcers, bleeding, bloody scabs, and, by the end of observation at 14 days, by discolouration due to blanching of the skin, complete areas of alopecia, and scars.

Respiratory tract irritation may occur, together with symptoms such as coughing, choking and breathing difficulties.

May cause an allergic reaction by skin contact.

11.1.1. Substances

Acute toxicity :

POLYALKYL AMINES (CAS: 39423-51-3)

Oral route : LD50 = 550 mg/kg
Species : Rat

Dermal route : LD50 > 1000 mg/kg
Species : Rat

META XYLENEDIAMINE (CAS: 1477-55-0)

Oral route : LD50 = 930 mg/kg
Species : Rat

Dermal route : LD50 = 2000 mg/kg
Species : Rabbit

Inhalation route (n/a) : LC50 = 2.4 mg/l
Species : Rat

METHYLPENTANE DIAMINE (CAS: 15520-10-2)

Oral route : LD50 = 1170 mg/kg
Species : Rat

Dermal route : LD50 = 1870 mg/kg
Species : Rabbit

Inhalation route (Vapours) : $5 < LC50 \leq 10$ mg/l
Species : Rat

Skin corrosion/skin irritation :

POLYALKYL AMINES (CAS: 39423-51-3)

Species : Rabbit
OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

Species : Rabbit
OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

META XYLENEDIAMINE (CAS: 1477-55-0)

Corrosivity : Causes severe skin burns.

Germ cell mutagenicity :

META XYLENEDIAMINE (CAS: 1477-55-0)

SD 8824 - 954

Ames test (in vitro) : Negative.

Reproductive toxicant :

POLYALKYL AMINES (CAS: 39423-51-3)

Study on development :

Species : Rat

OECD Guideline 421 (Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)

Specific target organ systemic toxicity - repeated exposure :

POLYALKYL AMINES (CAS: 39423-51-3)

Dermal route :

C > 160 mg/kg bodyweight/jour

Duration of exposure : 90 days

OECD Guideline 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-Day Study)

11.1.2. Mixture

No toxicological data available for the mixture.

SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

12.1. Toxicity

12.1.1. Substances

POLYALKYL AMINES (CAS: 39423-51-3)

Algae toxicity :

ECr50 = 1 mg/l

Duration of exposure : 72 h

METHYLPENTANE DIAMINE (CAS: 15520-10-2)

Fish toxicity :

LC50 = 1825 mg/l

Crustacean toxicity :

EC50 = 19.8 mg/l

Duration of exposure : 48 h

Algae toxicity :

ECr50 > 100 mg/l

Duration of exposure : 72 h

12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.2.1. Substances

POLYALKYL AMINES (CAS: 39423-51-3)

Biodegradability :

no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.

META XYLENEDIAMINE (CAS: 1477-55-0)

Biodegradability :

no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.

METHYLPENTANE DIAMINE (CAS: 15520-10-2)

Biodegradability :

Rapidly degradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.3.1. Substances

META XYLENEDIAMINE (CAS: 1477-55-0)

SD 8824 - 954

Bioaccumulation : BCF = 0.43

METHYLPENTANE DIAMINE (CAS: 15520-10-2)
Octanol/water partition coefficient : log K_{ow} < 1

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK) :

WGK 2 (VwVwS vom 27/07/2005, KBws) : Hazardous for water.

SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

Waste :

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

Soiled packaging :

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2015 - IMDG 2014 - ICAO/IATA 2015).

14.1. UN number

2735

14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN2735=AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.
(methylpentane diamine, meta xylenediamine)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification :



8

14.4. Packing group

II

14.5. Environmental hazards

-

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	8	C7	II	8	80	1 L	274	E2	2	E

SD 8824 - 954

IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ
	8	-	II	1 L	F-A,S-B	274	E2

IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ
	8	-	II	851	1 L	855	30 L	A3 A803	E2
	8	-	II	Y840	0.5 L	-	-	A3 A803	E2

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

No data available.

SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 487/2013.
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 758/2013.
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 944/2013.
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 605/2014.
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 1297/2014.

- Container information:

No data available.

- Particular provisions :

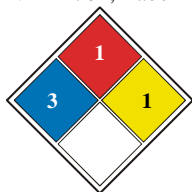
No data available.

- German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK) :

WGK 2 (VwVwS vom 27/07/2005, KBws) : Hazardous for water.

- Standardised American system for the identification of hazards presented by the product in view of emergency procedures (NFPA 704) :

NFPA 704, Labelling: Health=3 Inflammability=1 Instability/Reactivity=1 Specific Risk=none



15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3 :

- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H302 + H312 Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.

SD 8824 - 954

H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Abbreviations :

DNEL : Derived No-Effect Level

PNEC : Predicted No-Effect Concentration

ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

IATA : International Air Transport Association.

ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK : Wassergefährdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS05 : Corrosion

GHS07 : Exclamation mark

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic.

vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.

SVHC : Substances of very high concern.